#### Place value: Count

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM 3-4 yrs .recite numbers past 5 .say one number for each item in order, up to 5 .know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects, tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal' principle)  DM Reception .count objects, actions and sounds .count beyond 10  ELG .verbally count beyond 20	.count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number .count numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens .given a number, identify one more and one less	.count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward	.count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 .find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number	.count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000 .count backwards through zero to include negative numbers	.count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000 .count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero	.use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero

### Place value: Represent, read and write numbers (including Roman Numerals)

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM 3-4 yrs .show finger numbers up to 5 .linking numerals and amounts up to 5 .experimenting with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals  DM Reception .subitise (up to 5) .explore the	.identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations, including the use of number line and Rekenrek .read and write numbers to 100 in numerals .read and write numbers from 1 to	Year 2 .read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words .identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line and Rekenrek	.identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations .read and write numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and in words .tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using	Year 4 .identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations .read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value	Year 5 .read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit .read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals	Year 6 .read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit
composition of numbers to 10	20 in numerals and words		Roman Numerals from I to XII and 12-hour and 24- hour clocks			

## Place value: Use and compare

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM 3-4 yrs	.given a number,	.recognise the place	.recognise the	.find 1,000 <i>more</i> or	.read, write, order	.read, write,
.solve real-world	identify one more	value of each digit in	place value of	less than a given	and compare	order and
mathematical	and <i>one less</i>	a two-digit number	each digit in a	number	numbers to at least	compare
problems with	.use the language of	(tens, ones)	three-digit	.recognise the	1,000,000 and	numbers up to
numbers up to 5	equal to, more than,	.compare and order	number	place value of each	determine the	10,000,000 and
.compare quantities	less than (fewer),	numbers from 0 up	(hundreds, tens,	digit in a four-digit	value of each digit	determine the
using language <i>more</i>	most least	to 100; use <, > and	ones)	number	.recognise and use	value of each
than and fewer than		= signs	.compare and	(thousands,	thousandths and	digit
-		_	order numbers up	hundreds, tens,	relate them to	.identify the
			to 1,000	and ones)	tenths, hundredths	value of each
DM Reception				.order and	and decimal	digit to three
.link the numeral				compare numbers	equivalents	decimal places
with its cardinal				beyond 1,000	·	and multiply and
number value				.compare numbers		divide numbers
.compare numbers				with the same		by 10, 100 and
within and up to 10				number of decimal		1,000 where the
.understand the				places up to two		answers are up
one more/one less				decimal places		to three decimal
than relationship				.find the effect of		places
between consecutive				dividing a one- or		
numbers				two-digit number		
.explore the				by 10 and 100,		
composition of				identifying the		
numbers to 10				value of the digits		
				in the answer as		
ELG				ones, tenths and		
.compare quantities				hundredths		
up to 10, in different						
contexts,						
understanding						
greater than, less						
than and the same						

## Place value: Problem / Rounding

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM Reception .explore the composition of numbers to 10		.use place value and number facts to solve problems	.solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas	round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000 round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers	.interpret negative numbers in context .round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1 000, 10 000 and 100 000 .round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place .solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above	round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy .solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy .use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero .solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above

#### Addition and subtraction: Calculations

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM Reception .explore the composition of numbers to 10 .understand the one more/ one less than relationship between consecutive numbers .automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0 to 5 and some to 10	represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equal (=) signs add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero	recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:  a two-digit number and ones  two two-digit numbers  adding three one-digit numbers  adding three one-digit numbers  show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot  recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems	<ul> <li>.add and subtract numbers mentally, including:</li> <li>a three-digit number and ones</li> <li>a three-digit number and tens</li> <li>a three-digit number and hundreds</li> <li>.add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction</li> <li>.estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers</li> </ul>	add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to calculations	.add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) .add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	.perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers .use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations

#### Addition and subtraction: Problems

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM Reception .explore the composition of numbers to 10 .understand the one more one less than relationship between consecutive numbers	.solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = □ - 9	.solve problems with addition and subtraction:  • using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures  • applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods .solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change	.solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction	.solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	.use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy .solve addition and subtraction multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why .solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equal sign	.use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy .solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why .solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

## Multiplication and division: Recall / Use

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
ELG	.count in	.count in steps of 2,	.count from 0 in	.count in multiples	.count forwards or	.perform mental
.explore and	multiples of	3 and 5 from 0 and	multiples of 4,	of 6, 7, 9, 25 and	backwards in steps of	calculations, including
represent	twos, fives	in tens from any	8, 50 and 100	1000	powers of 10 for any	with mixed operations
patterns within	and tens	number, forward and	.recall and use	.recall	given number up to	and large numbers
numbers up to		backward	multiplication	multiplication and	1,000,000	.associate a fraction with
10, including		.recall and use	and division	division facts for	.multiply and divide	division and calculate
evens and odds,		multiplication and	facts for the 3,	multiplication tables	numbers mentally	decimal fraction
double facts		division facts for the	4 and 8	up to 12 ×12	drawing upon known	equivalents (e.g. 0.375)
and how		2, 5 and 10	multiplication	.use place value,	facts	for a simple fraction (e.g.
quantities can		multiplication	tables	known and derived	.multiply and divide	3/8)
be distributed		tables, including		facts to multiply and	whole numbers and	.identify common factors,
equally		recognising odd and		divide mentally,	those involving decimals	common multiples and
		even numbers		including:	by 10, 100 and 1,000	prime numbers
		.show that		multiplying by 0 and	.identify multiples and	.use common factors to
		multiplication of two		1; dividing by 1;	factors, including finding	simplify fractions
		numbers can be		multiplying together	all factor pairs of a	.use common multiples to
		done in any order		three numbers	number, and common	express fractions in the
		(commutative) and		.recognise and use	factors of two numbers	same denomination
		division of one		factor pairs and	.know and use the	.calculate, estimate and
		number by another		commutativity in	vocabulary of prime	compare volume of cubes
		cannot		mental calculations	numbers, prime factors	and cuboids using
					and composite (non-	standard units, including
					prime) numbers	cubic centimetres (cm³)
					.establish whether a	and cubic metres (m <sup>3</sup> ),
					number up to 100 is	and extending to other
					prime and recall prime	units such as mm <sup>3</sup> and
					numbers up to 19	km <sup>3</sup>
					.recognise and use	.use estimation to check
					square numbers and	answers to calculations
					cube numbers, and the	and determine, in the
					notation for squared (2)	context of a problem, an
					and cubed (3)	appropriate degree of
						accuracy

## Multiplication and division: Calculations

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2 .calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (×), division (÷) and equal (=) signs	Year 3  .write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods	Year 4  .use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers .recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations .multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout	Year 5 .multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers .multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts .divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context .multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000	Year 6 .multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication .divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context .use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places .divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context .perform mental
					those involving decimals by 10, 100	number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to

## Multiplication and division: Problems

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	.solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher	.solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts	.estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers .solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects	.estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation .solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	.solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes .solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates .solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign	.solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division .solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found .use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations

#### Fractions, decimals and percentages: Recognise and write; counting in fractional steps

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	.recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity .recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity	.count in fractions up to 10, starting from any number and using ½ and 2/4 equivalence on the number line .recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, ¼, 2/4 and ¾ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity	.count up and down in tenths .recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 .recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators .recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions with small denominators denominators	.count up and down in hundredths .recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten	recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents dentify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number e.g. 2/5 + 4/5= 6/5 = 1 1/5	

#### Fractions, decimals and percentages: Compare

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		.recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and ½	recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators	recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions	.compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number	.use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination .compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1

### Fractions, decimals and percentages: Calculations

.write simple fractions for fractions with the example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole equivalence of $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ and subtract fractions with the same denominator same denominator and dividing a one- or two-digit number the same number $\frac{1}{4}$ and subtract fractions with the same denominator and dividing a one- or two-digit number the same number the concept of $\frac{1}{4}$ and and subtract fractions with the same denominator different the same number of $\frac{1}{4}$ and subtract fractions with the same denominator and dividing a one- or two-digit number the same number $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ and subtract fractions with the same denominator and different the same number of $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ a
and $\frac{1}{2}$ by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths  and $\frac{1}{2}$ by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths  and $\frac{1}{2}$ .multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams  and $\frac{1}{2}$ .multiply simple particular of proper fractions, multiply of proper fractions, multiply one digit numbers with up to two decimal places whole numbers divide proper fractions.  and $\frac{1}{2}$ .multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers with up to two decimal places whole numbers divide proper fractions.  and $\frac{1}{2}$ .multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places whole numbers (e.g. $\frac{1}{3}$ ÷ $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{6}$ ) .multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1,000 where the answers are up to

### Fractions, decimals and percentages: Solve problems

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			.solve problems that involve all of the above	.solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number	.solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places	.solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy

#### Decimals: Recognise, write and compare

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
				recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths. recognise and write decimal equivalents to 14, 1/2, 3/4 round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places	read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. 0.71 = 71/100) recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places	identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places

### Fractions, decimals and percentages

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
				.solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places	recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 and as a decimal solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ½; ¼; 1/5; 2/5; 4/5 and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25	.associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. 3/8) .recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts

## Ratio and proportion

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
						.solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts .solve problems involving the calculation/use of percentages for comparison .solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found .solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples

## Algebra

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM Reception .explore the composition of numbers to 10 .automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0 to 5 and some to 10 E.g. '5 is made of 2 and 2 and make 5.'	.solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = -9 .represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 .sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening	recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 compare and sequence intervals of time order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns	.solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction .solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling	.perimeter can be expressed algebraically as $2(a+b)$ where $a$ and $b$ are the dimensions in the same unit	.use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles	.use simple formulae .generate and describe linear number sequences .express missing number problems algebraically .find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns .enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables .recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes

### Measurement: Using measures

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM 3-4 yrs .make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity  DM Reception .compare length, weight and capacity	.compare, describe and solve practical problems for:  • lengths and heights (e.g. long/short; longer/shorter; tall/short; double/half)  • mass/weight (e.g. heavy/light; heavier than/ lighter than)  • capacity and volume (e.g. full/empty; more than/less than; half, half full; quarter)  • time (e.g. quicker, slower, earlier, later) .measure and begin to record the following: • lengths and heights • mass/weight • capacity and volume • time (hours, minutes, seconds)	.choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessel .compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =	.measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)	.convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minute) .estimate, compare and calculate different measures	convert between different units of metric measure .understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints .use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling .recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³)	.solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to 3 d.p. where appropriate .use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to 3 d.pconvert between miles and kilometres

### Measurement: Money

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes	recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change	.add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts	.estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence	.use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. money)	.solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate

#### **Measurement: Time**

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
EYFS	sequence events in chronological order using language (e.g. before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening) .recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months (use a calendar) and years .tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times	Year 2 .compare and sequence intervals of time .tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times .know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day	.tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks .estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight .know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month (use a calendar), year and leap year .compare durations	Year 4 .read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks .solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days	.solve problems involving converting between units of time	Year 6 .use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa
			calendar), year and leap year			

## Measurement: Perimeter, area and volume

.measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes  .measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres .find the area of  .measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and and metres .calculate and recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and violation in centimetres and metres .calculate and recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and on the calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres .calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear shapes in centimetres and on the composite rectilinear shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and metres of composite rectilinear shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and metres of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres of composite rectilinear shapes in centimeters and metres of composite rectilinear shapes in centimeters and metres of composite rectilinear shapes in centimeters and metres of composite rectilinear shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and metres of composite rectilinear shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and metres of composite rectilinear shapes with the perimeter of a rectilinear shapes in centimeters of an area of composite rectilinear shapes with the perimeter of a
rectilinear shapes by counting squares  rectilinear shapes by counting squares  rectilinear shapes by counting squares  rectangles (including squares) and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes estimate volume (e.g. using 1cm³ blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and  rectangles (including square) formulae for area and volume of including using shapes and volume of parallelograms and triangles and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³)

## Geometry: 2-D shapes

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM 3-4 yrs	.recognise and name	.identify and	.draw 2-D shapes	.compare and	.distinguish between	.draw 2-D shapes
.talk about and	common 2-D shapes	describe the		classify geometric	regular and irregular	using given
explore 2-D	e.g. rectangles	properties of 2-D		shapes, including	polygons based on	dimensions and
shapes using	(including squares),	shapes, including		quadrilaterals and	reasoning about	angles
informal and	circles and triangles	the number of		triangles, based on	equal sides and	.compare and
mathematical		sides and line		their properties and	angles	classify geometric
language: sides,		symmetry in a		sizes	.use the properties	shapes based on
corners, straight,		vertical line		.identify lines of	of rectangles to	their properties
flat and round		.identify 2-D		symmetry in 2-D	deduce related facts	and sizes
.select shapes		shapes on the		shapes presented in	and find missing	.illustrate and
appropriately for		surface of 3-D		different	lengths and angles	name parts of
building and		shapes, e.g. a		orientations		circles, including
combine shapes to		circle on a				radius, diameter
make new ones		cylinder and a				and circumference
		triangle on a				and know that <i>the</i>
DM reception		pyramid				diameter is twice
.select, rotate		.compare and				the radius
and manipulate		sort common 2-D				
shapes to develop		shapes and				
spatial reasoning		everyday objects				
skills						
.compose and						
decompose shapes						
so that children						
recognise that a						
shape can have						
other shapes						
within it						

## Geometry: 3-D shapes

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM 3-4 yrs .talk about and explore 3-D shapes using informal and mathematical language: sides, corners, straight, flat and round .select shapes appropriately for building and combine shapes to make new ones	recognise and name common 3-D shapes e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres	recognise and name common 3-D shapes, e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres .compare and sort common 3-D shapes and everyday objects .identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces	.make 3-D shapes using modelling materials .recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them		.identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations	recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets

## Geometry: Angles and lines

EYFS Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		.recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn .identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn .identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle .identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines	.identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size .identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations .complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry	.know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles .draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) .identify:  • angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)  • angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°)  • other multiples of 90°	.find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons .recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles

### Geometry: Position and direction

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM 3-4 yrs .understand position through words alone and no gesture .describe a familiar route .describe routes and locations using words like: in front of and behind	.describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns	.use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)		.describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant .describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down .plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon	.identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed	.describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) .draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes

#### **Pattern**

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
DM 3-4 yrs .talk about and identify patterns around them using language such as: pointy, spotty, blobs, stripy etc extend and create ABAB patterns .notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern (spot an extra item, then a missing item, then items swapped around) .begin to sequence real and fictional events using words such as: first, then etc.  DM Reception .continue, copy and create repeating patterns	.create a describe repeating patterns and growing patterns	.order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences .work with the patterns of multiples of 2, 5 and 10 .prepare bags of 2p, 5p and 10p coins .look at the patterns of the multiples of 2, 5 and 10 on a standard 100 square and also, explore the patterns on charts of different widths (e.g. four columns wide or five wide)	.work with the patterns of multiples of 3, 4 and 8 .look at the patterns of the multiples of 3, 4 and 8 on a standard 100 square and also, explore the patterns on charts of different widths	.work with the patterns of multiples of 6, 7 and 9, 25 and 1,000 .look at the patterns of the multiples of 6, 7 and 9 and 25 on a standard 100 square .count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000	.count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000 .describe the underlying relationship that gives rise to a number pattern	.generate and describe linear number sequences

### Statistics: Present and interpret data

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		.interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables	.interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables	.interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs	.complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	.interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems

#### **Statistics: Solve statistical problems**

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		.ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity .ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data	.solve one-step and two-step questions (e.g. How many more? and How many fewer?) using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables	.solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs	.solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph	.calculate and interpret the mean as an average